Key Stage 1 National Curriculum Assessments



Information and Guidance on the Expectations for 2022/23

Aims of this information leaflet:

- the assessment arrangements and expected standards for Year 2
- teacher assessment
- test papers
- how to help at home
- the importance of promoting independent thinking

Acknowledgement

We acknowledge and know that there has been an impact on your child's education and there are still some gaps; please know that we have put/are putting various measures in place;

- We have assessed the children at each entry point and have identified key gaps in reading, writing and maths.
- Continuous assessment is used to identify gaps.
- There is an increased level of adult support and interventions as required.

Phonics Screening Check

Pupils in Year 1 complete the statutory phonic screening test.

There were a small group of children who didn't reach the expected standard last year.

We are supporting the small group of children who need some extra support with their phonics in preparation to take the test again in June 2023.

SATS – don't panic!

- Our teacher assessment is what counts and is what is reported
- SATS are used to support or challenge our professional judgement
- We keep SATS low key



The SAT Assessments

At the end of Year 2, children will take assessments in:

- Reading
- Maths
- Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar (although non-statutory) in order to inform teacherassessed level in Writing

All assessments are due to take place in May this year.

Please avoid taking time off in May.

Reading

The Reading Test consists of two separate papers:

- Paper 1 consists of a combined reading prompt and answer booklet. The paper includes a list of useful words and some practice questions for teachers to use to introduce the contexts and question types to pupils. The test takes approximately 30 minutes to complete, but is not strictly timed.
- Paper 2 consists of an answer booklet and a separate reading booklet. There are no practice questions on this paper. Teachers can use their discretion to stop the test early if a pupil is struggling. The test takes approximately 40 minutes to complete, but is not strictly timed.
- The texts will cover a range of poetry, fiction and non-fiction.



Questions are designed to assess the comprehension and understanding of a child's reading.

There are a variety of question types:

Multiple Choice

1	When Bella was learning to fly, she				
	Tick one.				
	was lazy.		did not try hard.		
	did not give up.		found it easy.		







Ranking/Ordering

Number the sentences below from 1 to 4 to show the order they happened in the story.

The first one has been done for you.

William sent Bella to get help.

Fishermen came to rescue William.

The boat hit some rocks.

William went to sea on his boat.

1



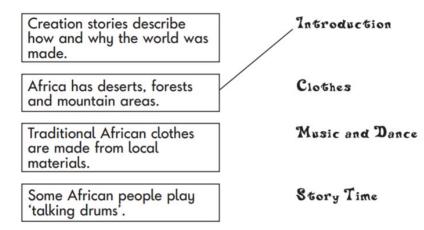
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Matching/Labelling

Here is some more information about Africa.

Match each sentence to the correct heading in the booklet.

The first one has been done for you.



Short-Answer Questions



What job did Tony Ross want to do before he became a writer and illustrator?







Find and Copy Questions

Look at the paragraph beginning The greedy man began to climb the vine...

Find and copy one word that means the same as sparkle.



Open-Ended Questions

6 At the end of the story, Bella was happy. Why?







Content coverage	Paper 1	Paper 2
Draw on knowledge of vocabulary to understand texts.	3 marks	4 marks
Identify and explain key aspects of fiction and non-fiction texts, such as characters, events, titles and information.	9 marks	11 marks
Identify and explain the sequence of events in texts.	1 mark	0 marks
Make inferences from the text.	7 marks	5 marks
Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far.	0 marks	0 marks

Reading fluency

https://youthttps://youtu.be/3QrjmYK5mTAu.be/3QrjmYK5mTA

Working at the expected standard

The pupil can:

- read accurately most words of two or more syllables
- read most words containing common suffixes*
- read most common exception words*

In age-appropriate1 books, the pupil can:

- read most words accurately without overt sounding and blending, and sufficiently fluently to allow them to focus on their understanding rather than on decoding individual words²
- sound out most unfamiliar words accurately, without undue hesitation

In a book that they can already read fluently, the pupil can:

- check it makes sense to them, correcting any inaccurate reading
- answer questions and make some inferences
- explain what has happened so far in what they have read





Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar

The test consists of two separate papers:

- **Paper 1: Spelling** pupils to spell 20 missing words within a test booklet. The test is expected to take approximately 15 minutes to complete, but is not strictly timed.
- Paper 2: Grammar, Punctuation and Vocabulary a combined question and answer booklet focusing on pupils' knowledge of grammar, punctuation and vocabulary. Pupils will have approximately 20 minutes to complete the questions in the test paper, but it is not strictly timed.





Grammar, Punctuation & Spelling: Sample Questions

Grammar, Punctuation and Vocabulary Paper

7 Why do the underlined words start with a capital letter?

On <u>Saturday</u> morning, <u>Sarah</u> and her family went on holiday to Scotland.



8 Circle the **two** nouns in the sentence below.

You have left your pencil on the bench over there.







Grammar, Punctuation & Spelling: Sample Questions

Grammar, Punctuation and Vocabulary Paper

Tick to show whether each sentence is written in the past tense or the present tense.

Sentence	Past tense	Present tense
Aziz gave out the paint pots.		
Aziz spills water on the table.		
Aziz needed some glue.		



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Grammar, Punctuation & Spelling: Sample Questions

Spelling Paper

- 1. I need to _____ my holiday suitcase.
- 2. The ______ is dark at night.
- 3. The snail hid inside its ______.
- 4. My friend has a new _____ sister.

Within the assessment, the spelling words are read out to the children to fill into the gaps within the sentences. In this example, the missing spelling words are: **pack**, **sky**, **shell** and **baby**.



Mathematics

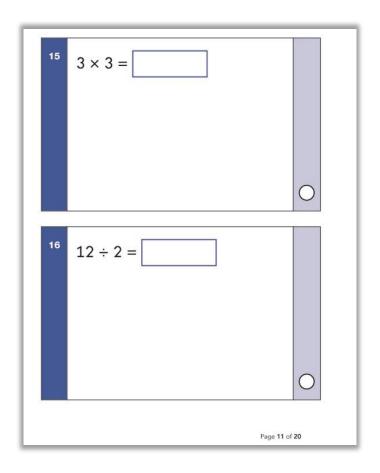
Children will sit two tests: Paper 1 and Paper 2:

- **Paper 1: Arithmetic** lasts approximately 20 minutes (but this is not strictly timed). It covers calculation methods for all operations.
- Paper 2: Reasoning lasts for approximately 35 minutes, which includes time for five aural questions. Pupils will still require calculation skills and questions will be varied including multiple choice, matching, true/false, completing a chart or table or drawing a shape. Some questions will also require children to show or explain their working out.

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Maths: Sample Questions

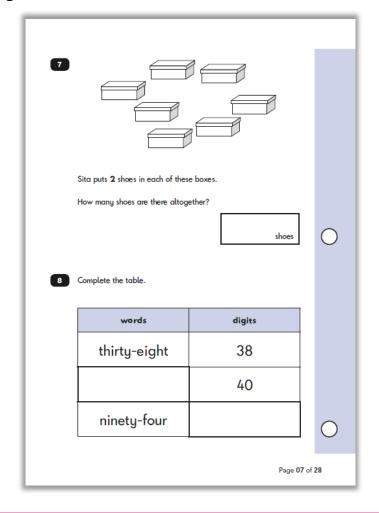
Maths Paper 1: Arithmetic



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Maths: Sample Questions

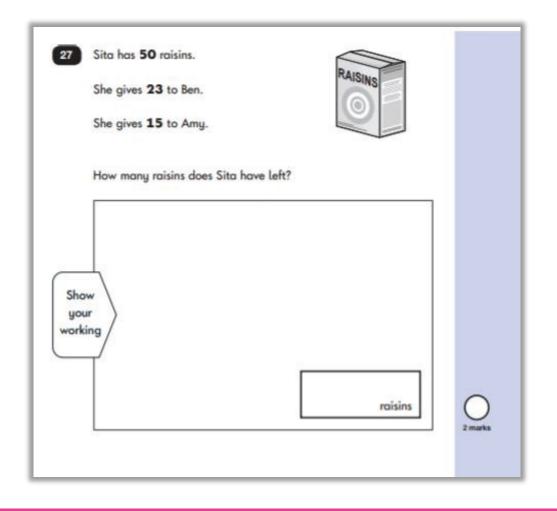
Maths Paper 2: Reasoning





Maths: Sample Questions

Maths Paper 2: Reasoning





Testing arrangements

- Children will undertake their tests in smaller groups.
- There is no strict time limit in which to complete a task or test.
- Testing is low key.
- The main reason for testing is to inform our teacher judgements. The results of the tests are just one small part of an overall assessment.



How to Help Your Child

- First and foremost, support and reassure your child that there is nothing to worry about and that they should always just try their best. Praise and encourage!
- Ensure your child has the best possible attendance at school.
- Support your child with any homework tasks.
- Reading, spelling and arithmetic (e.g. times tables) are always good to practise.
- Talk to your child about what they have learnt at school and what book(s) they are reading (the character, the plot, their opinion).
- Promoting independence.





How to Help Your Child with Reading

Listening to your child read can take many forms:

- First and foremost, focus developing an enjoyment and love of reading.
- Enjoy stories together reading stories to your child is equally as important as listening to your child read.
- Read a little at a time but often, rather than rarely but for long periods of time!
- Talk about the story before, during and afterwards discuss the plot, the characters, their feelings and actions, how it makes you feel, predict what will happen and encourage your child to have their own opinions.
- Look up definitions of words together you could use a dictionary, the Internet or an app on a phone or tablet.
- All reading is valuable it doesn't have to be just stories. Reading can involve anything from fiction and non-fiction, poetry, newspapers, magazines, football programmes, TV guides.
- Visit the local library





click to see all text

How to Help Your Child with Writing

- Practise and learn weekly spelling lists
- Encourage opportunities for writing, such as letters to family or friends, shopping lists, notes or reminders, stories or poems.
- Write together be a good role model for writing.
- Encourage use of a dictionary to check spelling.
- Remember that good readers become good writers! Identify good writing features when reading (e.g. vocabulary, sentence structure, punctuation).
- Show your appreciation: praise and encourage, even for small successes!

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How to Help Your Child with Maths

- Play times tables games.
- Play mental maths and board games including counting in different amounts, forwards and backwards.
- Encourage opportunities for telling the time.
- Encourage opportunities for counting coins and money e.g. finding amounts or calculating change when shopping.
- Look for numbers on street signs, car registrations and anywhere else.
- Look for examples of 2D and 3D shapes around the home.
- Identify, weigh or measure quantities and amounts in the kitchen or in recipes.
- Play games involving numbers or logic, such as dominoes, card games, draughts or chess.

