

# Whittingham <br> CofE PRIMARY SCHOOL 

## Recap Home Learning Pack

1a. Match the addition calculation to the correct answer.


2a. What number is missing from the calculation?

| Th | H | T | O |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

3a. Complete the calculation.

$+$| Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 |  | 0 | 00 |
|  | 0 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |

1b. Match the addition calculation to the correct answer.
号

2b. What number is missing from the calculation?

| Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

$\bigcirc$
3b. Complete the calculation.


4a. Complete the calculation so that the missing digit leads to an exchange.

| Th | $\mathbf{H}$ | $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{O}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

4b. Complete the calculation so that the missing digit leads to an exchange.

| Th | н | T | $\bigcirc$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc{ }^{\circ}$ |
| $0$ | $\bullet \bullet$ | $0$ |  |

1a．Which two numbers add together to make the answer 3,150 ？


2a．Louise is adding two 4－digit numbers together．

| Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | $\ddots$ |  | 8 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | 8 |  |  |

What digit could be in the ones column so that an exchange takes place？

3a．Josh thinks that an exchange takes place from the ones column in the calculation below．


Is he correct？
Prove it．
風

1b．Which two numbers add together to make the answer 3，221？


2b．Cassie is adding two 4－digit numbers together．

| Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | 0 | $O$ |  |
| 8 |  |  |  |
| 8 |  | 0 | 0 |

What digits could be in the ones column so that an exchange takes place？

## 凩

3b．David thinks that an exchange takes place from the ones column in the calculation below．


Is he correct？
Prove it．
合

1a. Match the calculation to the correct answer.


2a. What number is missing from the calculation?

|  | 5 | 4 | 3 | $\square$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | 1 | 5 | 5 | 1 |
|  | 6 | 9 | 9 | 0 |
|  |  |  | 1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

3a. Complete the calculation.


1b. Match the calculation to the correct answer.


2b. What number is missing from the calculation?

|  | 3 | 7 | 3 | 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | 1 |  | 5 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 6 | 8 | 8 |

3b. Complete the calculation.


4a. Complete the calculation so that the missing digit leads to an exchange.

| Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 |  | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |

4b. Complete the calculation so that the missing digit leads to an exchange.


Visit kids.classroomsecrets.co.uk for online games to support learning.
Join our f Group: Coronavirus Home Learning Support for Teachers and Parents

1a. Which two numbers add together to make the answer 4,031?


2a. Frankie is adding two 4-digit numbers together.


What digits could be in the hundreds column so that no exchange takes place?

3a. Terri thinks that an exchange takes place from the tens column in the calculation below.


Is she correct?
Prove it.

1b. Which łwo numbers add together to make the answer 5,220 ?
A $\begin{array}{ccc}1,000 & 1,000 & 1,000 \\ 100 & 100 & 10 \\ 1 & 1 & 1\end{array}$

C

D


2b. Ashante is adding two 4-digit numbers together.


What digits could be in the tens column so that an exchange takes place?

3b. Delilah thinks that an exchange takes place from the hundreds column in the calculation below.


Is she correct?
Prove it.

1a. Match the calculation to the correct answer.

| 6,961 add one thousand, two hundred and twenty-five | Eight thousand <br> 100 <br> LXXXVI |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Eight thousand 100100 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \begin{array}{l} 8,000 \\ \text { seventy-six } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |

2a. What number is missing from the calculation?

9, $\square$ $67+381=9948$

1b. Match the calculation to the correct answer.

Five thousand, four hundred and eightytwo add 3,497

| A9,000 <br> $100 \quad$ nine |
| :--- | :--- |
| BEight thousand <br> 900 <br> LXXIX |
| 9,000 <br> Seventy-nine |

2b. What number is missing from the calculation?

$$
4,258+5,5 \square 1=9,839
$$

3b. Complete the calculation.
$6,366+2,273=$

4b. Complete the calculations with the same number so that the missing digit leads to an exchange.

A


B

$$
6,3 \square 5+3,413=
$$

1a. Which two numbers add together to

make the answer 8,097? | 1b. Which two numbers add together to |
| :--- |
| make the answer 8,433? |

2a. Eva is adding two 4-digit numbers together.

The answer has a five in the tens column where an exchange has taken place.

What digits could be in the tens column of the two numbers being added together?

3a. Meg thinks that an exchange takes place from the tens column in the calculation below.

## $1,732+7,353$

2b. Laura is adding two 4-digit numbers together.

The answer has a seven in the hundreds column and an exchange has taken place from the tens to the hundreds.

What digits could be in the hundreds column of the two numbers being added together?

3b. Jack thinks that an exchange takes place from the hundreds column in the
$6,744+2,165$
calculation below.

Is he correct?
Prove it.
Prove

Is she correct?
Prove it.

1a. Tick the numbers below that round up to 4,000 .
$\left.\begin{array}{llllll}\text { A. } 3, \underline{395} & & & & & \\ 1,000 & \underline{100} & \underline{100} & 10 & 10 & 1 \\ \text { B. } 1,000 & \underline{100} & \underline{100} & 10 & 10 & 1\end{array}\right]$

2a. Which thousand does the number below round to?

## 2,198

1b. Tick the number below that rounds down to 6,000.
A. 6,407

C. 6,694

2b. Which thousand does the number below round to?

## 1,472

3a. True or false?
All of the numbers round to 5,000 .
A. $7, \underline{3} 24$

C. $4, \underline{8} 81$

4a. Change one value in th
below so that it rounds down

$$
3, \underline{507}
$$

3b. True or false?
All of the numbers round to 9,000 .
A. $8, \underline{7} 30$

C. $2, \underline{2} 45$


4b. Change one value in the number below so that it rounds up to 8,000 .

$$
7, \underline{2} 74
$$

Visit kids.classroomsecrets.co.uk for online games to support learning.
Join our froup: Coronavirus Home Learning Support for Teachers and Parents
la. Match the descriptions to the numbers.


2a. When rounded to the nearest thousand, which is the odd one out?
A. $\mathbf{5 , \underline { 2 } 6 4}$

C. $4, \underline{9} 85$

Explain your reasoning.
吅
Ba. Max is thinking of a number.
He says,


My number is 3,148 and it rounds up to 4,000 to the nearest thousand.

Is he correct?
Explain your reasoning.

lb. Match the descriptions to the numbers.

ab. When rounded to the nearest thousand, which is the odd one out?
A. $4, \underline{5} 19$

C. 4,471

Explain your reasoning.

Bb. Saskia is thinking of a number.
She says,


My number is $5, \underline{962}$ and it rounds up to 6,000 to the nearest thousand.

Is she correct?
Explain your reasoning.


1a. Tick the number below that rounds up to 3,000 .

C. Three thousand, four hundred and sixty-two $\square$

1b. Tick the numbers below that round down to 7,000.
A. 7,823

$1,0001,0001,000 \quad 100 \quad 10 \quad 10$
B. $1,0001,000 \quad 100 \quad 100 \quad 10 \quad 1$

$1,0001,000 \quad 100 \quad 10 \quad 10$

2a. Which thousand does the number below round to?

Eight thousand, five hundred and forty-seven

3a. True or false?
All of the numbers round to 6,000.
A. 5,701

C. Six thousand, two hundred and

4a. Change one value in the number below so that it rounds down to 8,000 .

Eight thousand, six hundred and fifty-eight

2b. Which thousand does the number below round to?

Four thousand, nine hundred and thirty-eight

3b. True or false?
All of the numbers round to 4,000 .
A. Two thousand, six hundred and seventy-four

C. 3,912

4b. Change one value in the number below so that it rounds up to 2,000 .

One thousand, three hundred and seventy-four
la. Match the descriptions to the numbers.

lb. Match the descriptions to the numbers.


2b. When rounded to the nearest thousand, which is the odd one out?
A. 4,209

C. Three thousand, six hundred and
eighty-one
Explain your reasoning.
纸
Bb. Isabel is thinking of a number.
She says,


Is she correct?
Explain your reasoning.

$$
0
$$

Explain your reasoning.

1a. Tick the numbers below that round up to 2,000 .
A. 1,799

 below round to?

Five thousands, nineteen hundreds, fourteen tens and eleven ones

3a. True or false?
All of the numbers round to 4,000 .
A. 3,529
B.

C. Two thousands, nineteen hundreds, seventeen tens and zero ones
below so that it rounds down to 9,000.
Seven thousands, twenty-six hundreds, ten tens and three ones

1b. Tick the numbers below that round down to 5,000.
A. 4,524

1001,000




2b. Which thousand does the number below round to?

Three thousands, four hundreds, nine tens and fourteen ones

3b. True or false?
All of the numbers round to 1,000 .
A. 1,063
B. 10

C. One thousand, three hundreds, twenty-one tens and fourteen ones

4b. Change one value in the number below so that it rounds up to 6,000.

Four thousands, fourteen hundreds, three tens and twelve ones

1a. Match the descriptions to the numbers.

| A. Rounds down to 3,000 | 10 1,000  <br>  10  <br>  1,000 100 |
| :---: | :---: |
| B. Rounds up to 4,000 | Three thousand, $\begin{gathered}\text { six hundred and } \\ \text { eighteen }\end{gathered}$ |
| C. Rounds down to 4,000 | Three thousands and fourteen hundreds |

2a. When rounded to the nearest thousand, which is the odd one out?
A.

Two thousand, nine hundred and seventy-six
B.

C. Thirty-five hundreds and forty ones

Explain your reasoning.

3a. Josh is thinking of a number.
He says,


My number has seven thousands, fifteen hundreds and eleven ones, and it rounds up to eight thousand.

Is he correct?
Explain your reasoning.

1b. Match the descriptions to the numbers.

| A. Rounds up <br> to 3,000 |
| :---: |
| B. Rounds <br> down to 3,000 <br> Three thousand, <br> four hundred <br> and ninety-nine <br> C. Rounds <br> down to 2,000 |
| 1,000 10 <br> Two thousands  <br> and fifty-six  <br> tens  |

2b. When rounded to the nearest thousand, which is the odd one out?
A.

Three thousand, two hundred and seventy-eight
B.

C. Twenty-nine

Explain your reasoning.

3b. Sophie is thinking of a number.
She says,


My number has twentyfour hundreds, twelve tens and thirteen ones, and it rounds down to two thousand.

Is she correct?
Explain your reasoning.

1. Hiro the ninja is trying to solve an ancient puzzle.

He needs to join all of the triangles together, but each pair of numbers that touch need to round to the same 100.


Investigate how he could join the triangles together to solve the puzzle.
2. Zeebo the alien is trying to deposit some money he has saved up. He fills three envelopes with different amounts of money, and each envelope is then rounded to the nearest 10 or 100 due to a special offer at the bank.


Envelope 1


Envelope 2


Envelope 3

If Zeebo deposits 1,000 Zog Dollars, explore the different combinations of money that he could have put in the three envelopes.

## Coordinates Picture Instructions

Follow the instructions carefully to discover the hidden pictures.

Remember, when plotting coordinates, go along first and then up.
When drawing lines, use a ruler.

1. Write numbers 0 to 13 on the axis going up, starting from the bottom.
2. Write numbers 0 to 12 on the axis going across, starting from the left.
3. Plot the coordinate $(1,1)$ and label it A.
4. Plot the coordinate $(1,3)$ and label it $B$.
5. Plot the coordinate $(3,3)$ and label it $C$.
6. Plot the coordinate $(3,1)$ and label it $D$.
7. Draw a straight line between $A$ and $B$.
8. Draw a straight line between $B$ and $C$.
9. Draw a straight line between $C$ and $D$.
10. Draw a straight line between $D$ and $A$.
11. Plot the coordinate $(2,4)$ and label it $E$.
12. Plot the coordinate $(4,4)$ and label it $F$.
13. Plot the coordinate $(4,2)$ and label it $G$.
14. Draw a straight line between $B$ and $E$.
15. Draw a straight line between $C$ and $F$.
16. Draw a straight line between $D$ and $G$.
17. Draw a straight line between $E$ and $F$.
18. Draw a straight line between $F$ and $G$.
19. Plot the coordinate $(6,4)$ and label it $H$.
20. Plot the coordinate $(6,3)$ and label it I.
21. Plot the coordinate $(8,3)$ and label it J.
22. Plot the coordinate $(8,4)$ and label it $K$.
23. Draw a straight line between $H$ and $I$.
24. Draw a straight line between I and J.
25. Draw a straight line between $J$ and $K$.
26. Draw a straight line between $K$ and $H$.
27. Plot the coordinate $(10,6)$ and label it $L$.
28. Plot the coordinate $(12,6)$ and label it $M$.
29. Plot the coordinate $(12,5)$ and label it $N$.
30. Draw a straight line between $L$ and $M$.
31. Draw a straight line between $M$ and $N$.
32. Draw a straight line between H and L .
33. Draw a straight line between $K$ and $M$.
34. Draw a straight line between J and N.

## Coordinates Picture Instructions

35. Plot the coordinate $(6,10)$ and label it O .
36. Plot the coordinate $(7,10)$ and label it $P$.
37. Plot the coordinate $(8,9)$ and label it $Q$.
38. Plot the coordinate $(8,8)$ and label it $R$.
39. Plot the coordinate $(7,7)$ and label it $S$.
40. Plot the coordinate $(3,6)$ and label it T.
41. Plot the coordinate $(4,7)$ and label it $U$.
42. Plot the coordinate $(4,8)$ and label it $V$.
43. Plot the coordinate $(3,9)$ and label it $W$.
44. Plot the coordinate $(2,9)$ and label it $X$.
45. Draw a straight line between $X$ and $O$.
46. Draw a straight line between $W$ and $P$.
47. Draw a straight line between V and Q .
48. Draw a straight line between $U$ and $R$.
49. Draw a straight line between $T$ and $S$.
50. Plot the coordinate $(1,8)$ and label it $Y$.
51. Plot the coordinate $(1,7)$ and label it $Z$.
52. Plot the coordinate $(2,6)$ and label it $A B$.
53. Draw a straight line between $O$ and $P$.
54. Draw a straight line between $P$ and $Q$.
55. Draw a straight line between $Q$ and $R$.
56. Draw a straight line between $R$ and $S$.
57. Draw a straight line between $T$ and $U$.
58. Draw a straight line between $U$ and $V$.
59. Draw a straight line between $V$ and $W$.
60. Draw a straight line between $W$ and $X$.
61. Draw a straight line between $X$ and $Y$.
62. Draw a straight line between $Y$ and $Z$.
63. Draw a straight line between $Z$ and $A B$.
64. Draw a straight line between $A B$ and $T$.
65. Plot the coordinate $(10,13)$ and label it CD.
66. Plot the coordinate $(9,11)$ and label it EF.
67. Plot the coordinate $(11,11)$ and label it GH.
68. Plot the coordinate $(12,12)$ and label it IJ.
69. Draw a straight line between CD and EF.
70. Draw a straight line between CD and GH.
71. Draw a straight line between $C D$ and $I J$.
72. Draw a straight line between EF and GH.
73. Draw a straight line between GH and IJ.

## Coordinates Picture

Number each axis before following the instructions to make a picture.


 Continue doing this until you have connected all of the journeys and times together.


| la. Underline the spoken words in the <br> sentence below: | 1b. Underline the spoken words in the <br> sentence below: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Go and wash your hands, the |  |
| teacher said. |  |$\quad$ Can you shut the door? asked Dan.

Visit kids.classroomsecrets.co.uk for online games to support learning.
Join our Group: Coronavirus Home Learning Support for Teachers and Parents

## Direct Speech

1a. Change the indirect speech in the sentence below into direct speech.

Tiana asked if she could watch television.

1b. Change the indirect speech in the sentence below into direct speech.

Lukas said that he was going to catch the bus.

2a. When Tom is playing football, his ball smashes a plant pot.


Use direct speech to write what Tom might say to his mum.

3a. Suzie has punctuated the direct speech in the sentence below.
"I love apple crumble," Said Lucy.

Is she correct? Explain your answer.


2b. Kirsten would like pizza for her dinner.


Use direct speech to write what Kirsten might say to the school cook.
余
3b. Viktor has punctuated the direct speech in the sentence below.
"Do you want to play out? asked Troy."

Is he correct? Explain your answer.


| 1a. Underline the spoken words in the sentence below: | 1b. Underline the spoken words in the sentence below: |
| :---: | :---: |
| Mum asked, What would you like to drink? | I would like lemonade, replied the girl. |
| EE VF | \E |
| 2a. Tick the sentence that uses inverted commas correctly. | 2b. Tick the sentence that uses inverted commas correctly. |
| A. Alice screeched "We are going on holiday!" | A. "We have missed the bus, cried" Suzie. |
| B. "Where shall we eat?" I asked. | B. "Is this the correct way? enquired the child." |
| C. "Come over here! ordered Otto." | C. Julian shouted, "Sit down!" |
| E1 VF | $\omega$ |
| 3a. Circle any inverted commas that are incorrect. | 3b. Circle any inverted commas that are incorrect. |
| "How are you feeling today?" the doctor asked "sympathetically." | "It's raining," but it's going to brighten up later," reported Faye." |
| 気 VF | KEV VF |
| 4a. Rewrite the sentence below using the correct punctuation. | 4b. Rewrite the sentence below using the correct punctuation. |
| Sally said I think we should take our bikes with us | The receptionist bellowed next please |
| 気 VF | $\widehat{E}$ |


| la. Change the indirect speech in the <br> sentence below into direct speech. | 1b. Change the indirect speech in the <br> sentence below into direct speech. |
| :--- | :--- |
| The old lady asked the shopkeeper |  |
| for two scones and a loaf of bread. |  | | Samuel whispered to Florence that |
| :--- |
| she was his best friend. |

Visit kids.classroomsecrets.co.uk for online games to support learning.
Join our f Group: Coronavirus Home Learning Support for Teachers and Parents

| 1a. Underline the spoken words in the sentences below: | 1b. Underline the spoken words in the sentences below: |
| :---: | :---: |
| Seb asked, Shall we take the bus? Not today, replied Ally. | I love theme parks, declared Joe. Me too, agreed his sister. |
| GD ${ }_{\text {GF }}$ | 60 ${ }^{60}$ |
| 2a. Tick the sentence that is punctuated correctly. | 2b. Tick the sentence that is punctuated correctly. |
| A. Josh asked, "can I play." | A. "It was not offside," protested the footballer |
| B. "Harry, come in for tea please," called Dad. | B. "The train has been delayed" he explained. |
| C. "I don't want to go to bed yet", moaned Sophia. | C. He gasped when he entered the sea, "it's cold!" |
| GD ${ }_{\text {GF }}$ | $\omega$ |
| 3a. Circle any inverted commas that are incorrect. | 3b. Circle any inverted commas that are incorrect. |
| "Please can I come too?" asked | "Sit down"! ordered the |
| Demi." | headteacher, "Now |
| "No," answered Hallie, "not today." | "Yes sir," replied the student." |
| GD? VF | G0 VF |
| 4a. Rewrite the conversation below using the correct punctuation. | 4b. Rewrite the conversation below using the correct punctuation. |
| I am going to the market said | Imran shouted to his sister can you |
| Adrian would you like anything | get me a drink please I will she |
| no thanks answered his brother | answered but wait a minute. |
|  | GD |

1a. Change the indirect speech in the sentence below into direct speech.

Daniel told Jacob that he could be the goalkeeper first but Jacob said that he would rather not.

1b. Change the indirect speech in the sentences below into direct speech.

Samira asked her grandma if she would like a cup of tea. Her grandma replied that she would and asked for a biscuit too.

2a. Mr and Mrs Hill are decorating. Mr Hill wants to paint the walls red but Mrs Hill would prefer white.


Use direct speech to write a short conversation between Mr and Mrs Hill.

3a. Hamid has punctuated the direct speech in the sentences below.

Simon called out of the window "Don't forget to take your coat with you."
"I already have it," his sister called back.

Is he correct? Explain your answer.

2b. Tom, Lewis and Becky are playing hide and seek.


Use direct speech to write a short conversation between the children.

3b. Louisa has punctuated the direct speech in the sentences below.
"Shall we go to the park to feed the ducks"? asked Krystle.
"Yes, but let's take our bikes too," replied Kat.

Is she correct? Explain your answer.

## Using Fronted Adverbials


1a. Change the sentence below so that
the adverbial becomes a fronted
adverbial.

The machine would not work once again.

1b. Change the sentence below so that the adverbial becomes a fronted adverbial.

I went on a nature walk yesterday.

| the | later | tired |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| returned | bear | on |

Remember to use the correct punctuation.

3a. Which fronted adverbial has been used correctly? Explain your answer.
A. Sadly we won the trophy.
B. Often, we won the trophy.
C. Last weekend, we won the trophy.

2b. Using the word bank below, write a sentence with a fronted adverbial.

| we | supper | have |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| before | usually | bedtime |

Remember to use the correct punctuation.
A. Echoing loudly, the bell rang out.
B. Next week, the bell rang out.
C. Joyfully the bell rang out.

3b. Which fronted adverbial has been used correctly? Explain your answer.

## Using Fronted Adverbials



1a. Change the sentence below so that the adverbial becomes a fronted adverbial.

They formed their secret plan as carefully as possible and didn't tell a soul.

1b. Change the sentence below so that the adverbial becomes a fronted adverbial.

Bob cycled to school as quickly as he possibly could but he was still late.

2a. Using the word bank below, write a sentence with a fronted adverbial.

| awoke | deep | its | wolf |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| within | the | hungry | lair |

Remember to use the correct punctuation.

2b. Using the word bank below, write a sentence with a fronted adverbial.

| crept | when | they | nobody |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| was | all | looking | forwards |

Remember to use the correct punctuation.

3a. Which fronted adverbial has been used correctly? Explain your answer.
A. Late yesterday evening I walked steadily along the tightrope.
B. Early tomorrow morning, I walked steadily along the tightrope.
C. With arms out wide, I walked steadily along the tightrope.

3b. Which fronted adverbial has been used correctly? Explain your answer.
A. Sometime next week, the children knew they were in trouble.
B. Standing in the head teacher's office, the children knew they were in trouble.
C. Somewhere near here the children knew they were in trouble.

## Using Fronted Adverbials

Using Fronted Adverbials

1a. Match two suitable adverbials to each main clause to make sentences.

| A. | At the crack of dawn, | D. | determined and full of hope, | 1. | the scientist mixed his potions. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B. | Although exhausted, | E. | deep within his secret laboratory, | 2. | the hungry monster emerged. |
| C. | As the clock struck midnight, | F. | from out of the shadows, | 3. | the boy crept on. |
| $\widehat{G 0}$ |  |  |  |  |  |

2a. Fill in the gaps with two fronted adverbials that show where and when the main clause happened.
the hideous beast roared.
he drank the poisonous mixture.

3a. Choose two adverbials which are most appropriate to use at the start of the sentence below.
...the young boy tiptoed
forward.
A. In the dead of night,
B. In the blink of an eye,
C. Not wanting to wake his grandma,

4a. Write an extended main clause that could follow each of the fronted adverbials below.

As the clock struck midnight, glancing anxiously at the door...

Unfazed by the danger ahead, valiantly and purposefully...

1b. Match two suitable adverbials to each main clause to make sentences.

| A. | As the seconds ticked by, | D. | among a blanket of stars, | 1. | Tia turned the handle. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B. | On the horizon, | E. | desperate for his autograph, | 2. | Rex reached his idol. |
| C. | Pushing through the crowds, | F. | with great trepidation, | 3. | shone brilliantly. |

2b. Fill in the gaps with two fronted adverbials that show where and how the main clause happened.
the musicians played and the choir sang.
eagle soared through the evening sky.

3b. Choose the most appropriate fronted adverbial to complete the sentence below.
...the knight guarded the enormous castle.
A. Standing nobly like a statue,
B. With tremendous courage,
C. Right at that very second,

4b. Write an extended main clause that could follow each of the fronted adverbials below.

Disobeying his mother and deciding not to wait any longer...

In the ancient city on the horizon, beyond the mysterious pyramids...

## Using Fronted Adverbials

1a. Change the sentence below so that the adverbial becomes a fronted adverbial.

He hesitantly made his confession with the light shining in his face, all the while he was under intense pressure from the police.

1b. Change the sentence below so that the adverbial becomes a fronted adverbial.

The brave knights fought in the castle grounds, they jousted ferociously against the enemy, the king watched from afar.

2a. Using the picture below, write a sentence with two fronted adverbials.


Remember to use the correct punctuation.

2b. Using the picture below, write a sentence with two fronted adverbials.


Remember to use the correct punctuation.

3b. Which fronted adverbial has been used correctly? Explain your answer.
A. Reaching the safety of home just before dawn the boy unlocked the door tiptoed upstairs and climbed back into bed.
B. The boy unlocked the door, tiptoed upstairs and climbed back into bed exhausted by his efforts and his heart beating like a drum.
C. Before anyone could realise, with only seconds to spare, the boy unlocked the door, tiptoed upstairs and climbed back into bed.

## Where Does Our Food Come From?

## A survey by the British Nutrition Foundation questioned children about where our food comes from.


> "Cheese comes from plants, fomatoes grow underground and fish fingers are made of chicken," according to
> many young children quizzed on where our food comes from.

Where does cheese come from?
Some of the children thought that cheese came from a plant.
Cheese is a food commonly made from cow's milk.
But, did you know it's not just cow's milk that can make cheese? Milk from buffalo, goats or sheep can be used too. Mozzarella cheese (often used on pizzas) is made from the milk of buffalos.

## Where does pasta come from?

When questioned, some children thought pasta comes from animals. Pasta is made from flour mixed with water or eggs. It is kneaded into a dough (a bit like bread) and then made into sheets, twists, tubes or other shapes. It is cooked
by either boiling or baking.

## Where do tomatoes come from?

Some children thought that tomatoes grow underground -a bit like carrots. They do, in fact, grow above the ground on a plant. The tomato plant can grow to be very tall. When they first grow, they are green but as they ripen, they turn red.



## Where do fish fingers come from?

The clue for the ingredients of a fish finger is in the title. No, it doesn't mean they are made from fingers! They are made from fish. Shockingly though, some children thought they were made from chicken. Fish fingers are usually made from haddock or cod, which are types of fish.


What counts as one of your five-a-day?
Some children thought that Fruit Pastilles and strawberry jam counted as part of their daily fruit and veg. There are lots of health benefits to getting five portions of fruit and vegetables every day.


Many children say they know lots about healthy eating, but do not follow it. Why do you think that is?

Roy Ballam, Managing Director of British Nutrition Foundation, believes schools and families should work together to educate children and motivate them to make healthier choices.

Next time you're in the supermarket, stop and think about where your food and drinks have come from.

The survey by the British Nutrition Foundation questioned 5,040 UK children.

## Section A

Use the information from the text to determine whether the statement is true or false.
True False

The survey was carried out by the British Nutrition Foundation.


Cheese comes from a plant


Pasta is made from dough, a bit like bread.


Tomatoes grow on a plant.


Fish fingers are usually made from trout or swordfish.


Some city-living children believe that a cow is the size of a double decker bus.

Many children say they don't know very much about healthy eating. $\square$
$\square$

## Section B

Use the information from the text to answer the questions.

1. Who did the British Nutrition Foundation question about where our food comes from?
$\square$
2. What is the cheese made from buffalo's milk called?
3. What did some of the children that were questioned think pasta was made from?
4. Tomatoes grow above the ground, on a plant. Name a vegetable that grows under the ground.
5. What are the two most common fish that are used in fish fingers?
6. Why haven't some children ever seen a cow?
7. Many children say they know lots about healthy eating but do not follow it. Why do you think that is?
Join our froup: Coronavirus Home Learning Support for Teachers and Parents

## A Refugee Camp - Follow-Up Work

## Why might people be living in a camp like this?

Describe the photo in your own words.

What have the tents been made from?

State TWO facts and TWO opinions about this photo.

List 5 nouns that you can see in this photo.

Visit kids.classroomsecrets.co.uk for online games to support learning.

## How does this photo make you feel?

What do you think it is like living in this camp?

What might this photo be used for?

This photo was taken on a sunny day. Describe what you think it would be like in the camp if it had been raining.

Using only the resources they have available, how could this camp be improved?

## A Refugee Camp - Vocab 1

## Write the definitions for each of these words.

| refugee |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| camp |  |
| immigrant |  |
| persecution |  |
| migration |  |
| phelter |  |
| population |  |
| aid |  |
| arisylum |  |




